

January 3, 2013

State Medicaid Expansion Tracker

The **State Medicaid Expansion Tracker** is a monthly publication from the National Association of States United for Aging and Disabilities (NASUAD). It focuses on actions and activities around the implementation of the Affordable Care Act's (ACA) optional Medicaid expansion.

After the enactment of the ACA in March, 2010, numerous lawsuits challenging various provisions of the law were filed in federal courts. Many of those cases were dismissed, but some federal appellate courts rendered decisions on the merits of the law. In November, 2011, the United States Supreme Court agreed to consider several issues related to the constitutionality of the ACA arising out of two cases in the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals, *National Federation of Independent Business v. Sebelius*, and *Florida v. Department of Health and Human Services*. Oral arguments before the Supreme Court occurred over a three-day period in March, 2012, and a ruling was issued on June 28, 2012, the last day of the Court's 2011-2012 term.

In agreeing to hear the case, the Supreme Court decided to focus on several specific questions that had been raised in lower courts, including the constitutionality of the ACA's Medicaid expansion. Through the ACA, Congress sought to extend Medicaid benefits to previously uncovered adults by creating a new mandatory eligibility group that states must cover, beginning in 2014: non-elderly, non-disabled adults with incomes less than 133 percent FPL. To help states fund this expansion, the federal government agreed to pay 100 percent of the costs for this new population from 2014 through 2016, at which point the subsidy will gradually phase down until it reaches 90 percent in 2020, where it will remain. Using its Spending Power, which allows Congress to attach conditions on the receipt of federal funds, lawmakers attempted to make all of a state's federal Medicaid funds, not just those associated with this newly-eligible population, contingent upon the state's compliance with the Medicaid expansion. Arguing that such an enforcement mechanism is unduly coercive, 26 states successfully challenged the constitutionality of this ACA provision.

In its June 2012 decision, the Court found all of the ACA to be constitutional, except the application of the Medicaid expansion as a mandate. To remedy this aspect of the law while leaving the rest intact, the Court essentially made state participation in the expansion optional by limiting the penalty for non-compliance to a loss of federal funding associated with the expansion only, rather than all of the state's Medicaid funding.

With coverage of this new adult population now optional, state officials have spent the intervening months weighing participation in the expansion, with varying results. To monitor state trends and progress around this issue, NASUAD has drawn from a variety of sources to compile this first edition of the **State Medicaid Expansion Tracker**. We expect to update this information monthly, as new governors take office, state legislative sessions convene, budgets are proposed, and decisions are made.

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State	Status	State Updates, as of 1/3/2013	Party Control		
Alabama	Unlikely to Expand	On November 13, Gov. Robert Bentley (R) announced that Alabama will not participate in the Medicaid expansion "because we simply cannot afford it" (Gadsden Times , 11/13; Lyman, Montgomery Advertiser , 11/13).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Alaska	Undecided on Expansion	On August 8, Gov. Sean Parnell (R) said he is guarded on the expansion "because our history with the federal government right now is they cut what they promise to fund." Parnell said he wants to thoroughly understand the costs to the state before making a decision (Bohrer, AP/San Francisco Chronicle , 8/8).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Arizona	Undecided on Expansion	Following the Supreme Court's ruling, Gov. Jan Brewer (R) issued a statement calling for the entire law to be repealed, but did not directly address the expansion. In August, a spokesman for Gov. Brewer said that she intends to make a decision on Arizona's participation by January, when she's due to file a budget (Office of Gov. Brewer statement , 6/28; AP/Arizona Central , 8/2).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Arkansas	Undecided on Expansion	On September 11, Gov. Mike Beebe (D) said he planned to participate in the Medicaid expansion, upon being assured that the state could opt out later if it faces a financial crunch. However, Arkansas voters delivered both legislative houses to Republicans in November, and it is unclear if Gov. Beebe will be able to expand Medicaid with a divided government. In mid-November, he filed a budget that does not include funds for a Medicaid expansion, but reiterated his support for an expansion in a statement (Brantley, Arkansas Times , 9/11; Governor Beebe's weekly column and radio address : Planning Arkansas's Budget, 11/16).	Governor (D)	House (R)	Senate (R)
California	Expanding Medicaid	In a June 28 statement, Gov. Jerry Brown (D) said the Supreme Court's ruling "removes the last roadblock to fulfilling President Obama's historic plan to bring health care to millions of uninsured citizens." California was among the first states to begin preparing for the ACA's Medicaid expansion, with the launch of its Bridge to Reform Section 1115 Waiver program in November 2010 (Office of Gov. Brown release , 6/28; DeBord, " KPCC News ," KPCC, 6/28).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)

Colorado	Expanding Medicaid	On January 3, Gov. John Hickenlooper (D) formally announced plans to expand Colorado's Medicaid program, saving the state more than \$280 million in Medicaid spending over ten years (Office of Gov. Hickenlooper press release , 1/3/13).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Connecticut	Expanding Medicaid	Under Gov. Dan Malloy (D), Connecticut was the first state to sign up for the early Medicaid expansion in June 2010. Following the Supreme Court's ruling on June 28, Malloy said "this decision demonstrates that the nation will do the right thing in ensuring accessible, affordable health care for all Americans" (HHS Press Release , 6/21/2010; Office of Gov. Malloy release , 6/28).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Delaware	Expanding Medicaid	In a statement on June 28, Gov. Jack Markell (D) said, "The Supreme Court's ruling enables Delaware to continue to implement provisions of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act to provide access to health care benefits for Delawareans." He added, "On the Medicaid front, Delaware already voluntarily expanded the state's Medicaid coverage program in 1996 to cover many Delawareans not previously covered" (Office of Gov. Markell release , 6/28).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
D.C.	Expanding Medicaid	The District of Columbia signed on for the early expansion in August, 2010. D.C. Mayor Vincent Gray (D), in a June 28 statement said, "District officials have already begun implementation of the ACA's Medicaid-expansion provisions and will continue to implement the expansion" (DHCF Press Release , 8/6/2010; Executive Office of the Mayor release , 6/28).	Mayor (D)	House (N/A)	Senate (N/A)

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<p style="text-align: center;">Florida</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Undecided on Expansion</p>	<p>Before the November 2012 election, Gov. Rick Scott (R) rejected the Medicaid expansion, saying, "Florida will opt out of spending approximately \$1.9 billion more taxpayer dollars required to implement a massive entitlement expansion of the Medicaid program." However, on November 13, Scott expressed a willingness to reconsider the ACA and its provisions in an AP interview, and on November 16, he requested a meeting with HHS Secretary Kathleen Sebelius to "find a common ground." He is scheduled to meet with Secretary Sebelius on January 7 (Office of Gov. Scott release, 7/1; Kam, The Palm Beach Post, 11/16; AP/Florida Today, 11/14; Office of Gov. Scott release, 11/16; The Miami Herald 12/20/12).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (R)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Georgia</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Unlikely to Expand</p>	<p>On August 28, Gov. Nathan Deal (R) said, "I do not have any intentions of expanding Medicaid," to which he added "I think that is something our state cannot afford" (Kyle Wingfield, Atlanta Journal-Constitution, 8/28).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (R)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Hawaii</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Expanding Medicaid</p>	<p>After the Supreme Court's ruling, Gov. Neil Abercrombie (D) said "The Affordable Care Act is our ally" in the effort to "support a healthcare system that ensures high quality, safety and sustainable costs." Pat McManaman, the Director of Hawaii's Department of Human Services, said in June that Hawaii's Medicaid eligibility requirements would align with the ACA's guidelines (Office of Gov. Abercrombie release, 6/28; Garcia, AP/CBS News, 6/29).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (D)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (D)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (D)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Idaho</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Undecided on Expansion</p>	<p>In July, Gov. C.L. Otter (R) appointed a 15-member group to explore whether or not Idaho should expand Medicaid. In November, the panel unanimously recommended that the state expand its Medicaid program to cover working, low-income individuals in order to "do something right" and save money. Otter will make the final decision, along with state lawmakers, who must approve any changes to the state's Medicaid plan. It is unclear if the Republican legislature will go along with the panel's recommendation (Office of Gov. Otter press release, 7/13; AP/Idaho Press-Tribune, 8/3; Miller, AP/San Francisco Chronicle, 11/9; Russell, Spokesman-Review, 11/10; Letter from Idaho Workgroup on Medicaid Expansion to Gov. Otter, 12/3).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (R)</p>

<p style="text-align: center;">Illinois</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Expanding Medicaid</p>	<p>Gov. Pat Quinn (D) praised the Supreme Court's decision, and said that he "will continue to work with President Obama to help working families get the healthcare coverage they need," including expanding Medicaid (Office of the Governor release, 6/28; Thomason, Rock River Times, 7/3; Ehley, Fiscal Times, 8/20).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (D)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (D)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (D)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Indiana</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Unlikely to Expand</p>	<p>In June, then-governor Mitch Daniels (R) said, "Any decision to expand Medicaid in 2014 is entirely the province of the next General Assembly and governor." On November 6, U.S. Rep. Mike Pence (R) was elected governor. Though he has not officially announced whether he will expand Medicaid, in a position statement earlier this year, Pence noted that the Medicaid expansion would "double down on an already broken and unaffordable Medicaid system." Addressing the ACA as a whole, he wrote, "I believe the State of Indiana should take no part in this deeply flawed healthcare bureaucracy." Additionally, in an open letter to Gov. Daniels, governor-elect Pence again expressed his doubts about the expansion, saying "[it] would increase dependency by putting one quarter of all Hoosiers on Medicaid and could cost Indiana billions between now and 2020" (Office of Gov. Daniels release, 6/29; Pence position statement; Pence letter).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (R)</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Iowa</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Unlikely to Expand</p>	<p>On July 2, Gov. Terry Branstad (R) said that he expects to opt out of the expansion. Reiterating this position in an August 22 interview, Branstad spokesperson Tim Albrecht said the governor remains opposed to the expansion, and will likely pursue state-based efforts to make health insurance coverage more affordable instead (Totland, Washington Times, 7/2; Wisner, Waterloo Cedar Falls Courier, 7/3; AP/Omaha World-Herald, 8/22).</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Governor (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">House (R)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Senate (D)</p>

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Kansas	Unlikely to Expand	Gov. Sam Brownback (R) has not yet stated whether Kansas will participate in the Medicaid expansion. On November 9, a spokeswoman for the governor, Sherriene Jones-Sontag, said "There are serious concerns that the federal government will keep its promise to pay for its part of the expansion. It cannot meet the spending commitments it already has made. It is very unlikely it will be able to meet additional commitments, which means Kansas taxpayers would be stuck with a gigantic bill" (AP/NECN , 11/9; CJOnline.com/AP , 11/9).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Kentucky	Undecided on Expansion	In June, Gov. Steve Beshear (D) issued a statement pledging to "review the Supreme Court's opinion, particularly on the Medicaid portion...to determine what our options may be." When asked about the Medicaid expansion in July, Gov. Beshear said, "If there is a way that we can afford [the expansion and] get more coverage for more Kentuckians, I'm for it." However, Republican state lawmakers are putting pressure on Beshear to reject the expansion (Office of Gov. Beshear release , 6/28; AP/Evansville Courier & Press , 6/28; Autry, WYU , 7/5; Cross, Hazard Herald , 7/20).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (R)
Louisiana	Not Expanding	On July 1, Gov. Bobby Jindal (R) said "Every governor's got two critical decisions to make. One is do we set up these exchanges? And, secondly, do we expand Medicaid? And, no, in Louisiana, we're not doing either one of those things." Barrow, New Orleans Times-Picayune , 7/2).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Maine	Unlikely to Expand	On November 16, Gov. Paul LePage (R) said that Maine will not participate in the Medicaid expansion. He called the expansion and the state-based insurance exchanges a "degradation of our nation's premier health care system." However, LePage faces a newly-elected Democratic majority in the state legislature that may push back on his resistance to the expansion (Mistler, Kennebec Journal , 11/16; Adams, AP , 11/7).	Governor (R)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Maryland	Expanding Medicaid	In a June 28 statement, Gov. Martin O'Malley (D) said the Supreme Court's decision "gives considerable momentum to our health care reform efforts here in Maryland," adding that the state will move forward to implement the overhaul (Office of the Governor release , 6/28).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)

Massachusetts	Expanding Medicaid	Following the Supreme Court's decision, Gov. Deval Patrick (D) said Massachusetts is "an early expansion state... and we're expecting further resources from the federal government to sustain the experiment here in Massachusetts" (Walker, YNN , 6/28; Office of Gov. Patrick, Remarks on the Affordable Care Act Decision, 6/28).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Michigan	Undecided on Expansion	Gov. Rick Snyder (R) told the Associated Press on August 3 that he had not decided whether to participate in the Medicaid expansion. He said he is weighing many factors in his decision, but thought that the state could save money if it decides to participate (Barks Hoffman, AP/WSBT , 8/3).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Minnesota	Expanding Medicaid	On June 28, Gov. Mark Dayton (D) said "Today's ruling will be met with relief by the Minnesotans whose lives have already been improved by this law." In 2011, Dayton used federal money to expand Medicaid early to 84,000 adults with annual incomes below \$8,400 (Lohn, AP/San Francisco Chronicle , 6/28; Office of Gov. Dayton release , 6/28).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Mississippi	Not Expanding	In July, Gov. Phil Bryant's (R) spokesperson said the governor had no plans to expand Medicaid. On November 7, Bryant said Mississippi will not participate in the Medicaid expansion, reiterating his previous position. Additionally, Bryant's FY14 budget proposal, submitted on November 14, does not include funding for an expanded Medicaid program (Niquette/Wayne, Bloomberg , 7/5; Pender/Hall, Jackson Clarion-Ledger , 11/7; Office of Gov. Bryant release , 11/14).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Missouri	Expanding Medicaid	On November 29, Gov. Jay Nixon (D) announced that Missouri will participate in the Medicaid expansion. Nixon said he will include the expansion in the budget proposal he submits to lawmakers for FY14 (Office of Gov. Nixon release , 11/29; Crisp, Political Fix , St. Louis Post-Dispatch, 11/29).	Governor (D)	House (R)	Senate (R)

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Montana	Undecided on Expansion	Outgoing Democratic Gov. Brian Schweitzer filed a budget on November 15 that would expand Medicaid coverage to 80,000 Montanans. But his successor, governor-elect Steve Bullock, also a Democrat, has not yet said if he will support the expansion (Gov. Schweitzer budget , 11/15; Dennison, Missoulian State Bureau , 8/20; Adams, Great Falls Tribune/USA Today , 11/8; Office of Gov. Schweitzer press release , 11/15).	Governor (D)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Nebraska	Unlikely to Expand	On June 28, Gov. Dave Heineman (R) said, "if this unfunded Medicaid expansion is implemented, state aid to education and funding for the University of Nebraska will be cut or taxes will be increased. If some state senators want to increase taxes or cut education funding, I will oppose them." On July 11, Gov. Heineman sent a letter to state lawmakers stating "My position is very clear – Nebraska can't afford an unfunded Medicaid expansion" (Office of Gov. Heineman release , 6/28; Office of Gov. Heineman release , 7/11).	Governor (R)	House (U)	Senate (U)
Nevada	Expanding Medicaid	On December 11, Gov. Brian Sandoval (R) announced that the state will participate in the Medicaid expansion. Explaining his decision, the governor said "Though I have never liked the Affordable Care Act because of the individual mandate it places on citizens, the increased burden on businesses, and concerns about access to health care, the law has been upheld by the Supreme Court...As such, I am forced to accept it as today's reality, and I have decided to expand Nevada's Medicaid coverage" (Office of Gov. Sandoval release , 12/11; Damon, Las Vegas Sun , 12/11).	Governor (R)	House (D)	Senate (D)
New Hampshire	Likely to Expand	In the November 2012 gubernatorial election, New Hampshire voters elected Democrat Maggie Hassan, who pledged support for the Medicaid expansion during her campaign. On November 8, Marc Goldberg, a spokesperson for governor-elect Hassan, said "[she] believes New Hampshire should accept the more than \$1 billion in available funding to help working families afford health insurance" (Cheney/Smith, Politico , 11/12).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (R)

<p>New Jersey</p>	<p>Unlikely to Expand</p>	<p>In April 2011, New Jersey opted to expand Medicaid eligibility to nearly 70,000 childless adults through a Section 1115 waiver allowed under the ACA. In a July 2012 interview, Gov. Chris Christie (R) said "Medicaid is pretty well expanded in our state already because of the legacy of previous Democratic governors," adding that he is unlikely to raise the program's eligibility limit any further (Defalco, AP/Philadelphia Inquirer, 4/15/2011; Fox News Insider, Fox News, 7/3; Livio/Friedman, Newark Star-Ledger, 7/3).</p>	<p>Governor (R)</p>	<p>House (D)</p>	<p>Senate (D)</p>
<p>New Mexico</p>	<p>Undecided on Expansion</p>	<p>Gov. Susana Martinez (R) remains undecided on whether to expand Medicaid in New Mexico. In September, Martinez sent a letter to HHS asking for clarity on how the expansion would be implemented. Regarding her request for additional information, she told KRQE News "We need to know how to [expand Medicaid] correctly because there aren't a lot of instructions" (Letter from NM Human Services to HHS Secretary Sebelius, 9/10; Goldsmith, KRQE News, 9/18).</p>	<p>Governor (R)</p>	<p>House (D)</p>	<p>Senate (D)</p>
<p>New York</p>	<p>Likely to Expand</p>	<p>On June 28, Gov. Andrew Cuomo (D) said he is "pleased the Supreme Court upheld the [ACA]," and that he looks forward "to continuing to work together with the Obama Administration to ensure accessible, quality care for all New Yorkers." On July 26, Danielle Holahan, project director for New York's health insurance exchange planning, said the state "largely meet[s] the federal required Medicaid levels already" (Office Gov. Cuomo release, 6/28; Grant, North Country Public Radio, 7/27).</p>	<p>Governor (D)</p>	<p>House (D)</p>	<p>Senate (R)</p>
<p>North Carolina</p>	<p>Undecided on Expansion</p>	<p>As of August 14, outgoing Gov. Beverly Perdue (D) was evaluating "what's in the best interest of North Carolina families and North Carolina taxpayers," according to her spokesperson Chris Mackey. In the state's November 2012 gubernatorial election, Republican Pat McCrory defeated Democrat Walter Dalton. After the election, a spokesperson for governor-elect McCrory told Politico that "[McCrory] will work to fully understand the long-term implications of the Medicaid expansion" before making a decision on whether or not to participate (Robertson, AP/WWAY, 8/14; Cheney/Smith, Politico, 11/12).</p>	<p>Governor (R)</p>	<p>House (R)</p>	<p>Senate (R)</p>

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North Dakota	Unlikely to Expand	In July, a spokesperson for Gov. Jack Dalrymple (R) said the governor had not yet decided whether to participate in the Medicaid expansion. Re-elected in November 2012, Gov. Dalrymple did not include funds for the Medicaid expansion in his 2013-2015 Executive Budget recommendations. The state legislature is expected to discuss the expansion in 2013 (Galewitz, Capsules , Kaiser Health News, 7/5; Galewitz, Capsules , Kaiser Health News, 11/7; Office of Gov. Dalrymple press release , 12/5).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Ohio	Undecided on Expansion	Following the Supreme Court's ruling, Gov. John Kasich (R) expressed his concern "that a sudden, dramatic increase in Medicaid spending could threaten Ohio's ability to pursue needed reforms in other areas." In early July, Kasich said he had not made a decision on whether the state would participate in the expansion, and that he would not set a deadline for doing so. (Office of Gov. Kasich release , 6/28; Tribble, Cleveland Plain Dealer , 7/2).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Oklahoma	Not Expanding	On November 19, Gov. Mary Fallin (R) said Oklahoma would not participate in the Medicaid expansion, stating "Oklahoma will not be participating in the Obama Administration's proposed expansion of Medicaid. Such an expansion would be unaffordable, costing the state of Oklahoma up to \$475 million between now and 2020, with escalating annual expenses in subsequent years" (Office of Gov. Fallin release , 11/19).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Oregon	Expanding Medicaid	In a budget filed on November 30, Gov. John Kitzhaber (D) estimated more than 200,000 Oregonians would become eligible for the state's Medicaid program as a result of Oregon's participation in the ACA's Medicaid expansion. The governor's proposed budget for 2013-2015 includes "100 percent [federal] funding" for the expansion during these years (Gov. Kitzhaber's recommended budget for 2013-15; Office of Gov. Kitzhaber release , 11/30).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Pennsylvania	Undecided on Expansion	On August 3, Gov. Tom Corbett (R) said the cost of expanding Medicaid would be "exceptionally high," but he did not indicate his position on the expansion. On December 13, Pennsylvania's Secretary of Public Welfare, Gary Alexander, said Pennsylvania will delay its decision "until we have the flexibility to build a program that increases affordable and cost-effective coverage" (Daniels, PA Independent , 8/3; Statement of Gary Alexander, 12/13).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)

Rhode Island	Expanding Medicaid	Gov. Lincoln Chaffee (I) said of the Supreme Court's decision, "I have fully committed to ensuring Rhode Island is a national leader in implementing health reform whatever the Supreme Court decision, and this just reinforces that commitment." According to Steven Costantino, the state's Secretary of Health and Human Services, "The expansion is easy to do and makes sense." (Chaffee statement , 6/28; Radnofsky et al., Wall Street Journal , 7/2).	Governor (I)	House (D)	Senate (D)
South Carolina	Not Expanding	On July 1, Gov. Nikki Haley (R) announced via Facebook that South Carolina "will NOT expand Medicaid, or participate in any health exchanges"(Gov. Haley Facebook page , 7/1; Holleman, Columbia State , 11/9).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
South Dakota	Not Expanding	In his budget address on December 4, Gov. Dennis Daugaard (R) announced that he would not be expanding Medicaid, but left the door open for a future expansion by saying, "I really think it would be premature to expand this year...it's not a now-or-never decision." As expected, his proposed FY14 budget does not include funding for a Medicaid expansion (Office of Gov. Daugaard release , 12/4; Montgomery, Sioux Falls Argus Leader , 12/4; Gov. Daugaard's Budget Report for FY14).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Tennessee	Undecided on Expansion	Gov. Bill Haslam (R) has yet to indicate whether Tennessee will participate in the Medicaid expansion. He previously indicated that he would not make a decision until after the November 2012 election, but no announcement has been made. He is due to file a budget in February (Office of Gov. Haslam press release , 6/28; Bohs, " Bohs Column ," The Jackson Sun, 11/9).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Texas	Not Expanding	On July 9, Gov. Rick Perry (R) said, "If anyone was in doubt, we in Texas have no intention to implement so-called state exchanges or to expand Medicaid under ObamaCare." Perry also sent a letter to HHS Secretary Kathleen Sebelius on July 9 asserting this position. Following the November 2012 elections, Perry reiterated his opposition to the expansion, saying, "Nothing changes from our perspective" (Office of Gov. Perry press release , 7/9; Gov. Perry letter to HHS, 7/9; Garrett, Dallas Morning News , 11/11).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)

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Utah	Not Expanding	Republican Gov. Gary Herbert's proposed FY14 budget, submitted on December 12, does not include any funding for the Medicaid expansion (Office of Gov. Herbert press release , 12/12; Budget Recommendations , Fiscal Year 2014).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
Vermont	Expanding Medicaid	On June 28, Gov. Peter Shumlin (D) said Vermont's Medicaid program already meets the requirements under the ACA's Medicaid expansion (Steimle, WCAX , 7/1).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Virginia	Not Expanding	Gov. Bob McDonnell (R) announced on December 17 that he did not include any funding for the Medicaid expansion in a slate of midyear budget amendments. Calling the ACA "bureaucratic, tax-raising and inflexible," he said Medicaid will consume 21 percent of the state's budget without the expansion, although a surge in expected revenue will help cover this anticipated growth next year (Gov. McDonnell's remarks , 12/17; Office of Gov. McDonnell press release , 12/17).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (Split)
Washington	Expanding Medicaid	Under outgoing Gov. Christine Gregoire (D), Washington state began preparing for the Medicaid expansion in advance of the Supreme Court decision. On November 6, U.S. Rep. Jay Inslee (D), who supports the expansion, was elected governor (Bray, The Oregonian , 10/22; Jay Inslee's 11-point platform to a Working Washington Health Care System ; Washington Secretary of State website , 11/12).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
West Virginia	Undecided on Expansion	On June 28, Democratic Gov. Earl Ray Tomblin said, "I will continue to do what is best for West Virginia...we're going to review the Supreme Court's ruling, and work with our federal delegation on how we move forward." Since then, Gov. Tomblin has asked HHS 16 questions about the Medicaid expansion, including inquiries about a possible phase-in. He was re-elected in November (Office of Gov. Tomblin release , 6/28; AP/Marietta Times , 11/7; Letter to HHS Secretary Sebelius, 7/19).	Governor (D)	House (D)	Senate (D)
Wisconsin	Undecided on Expansion	Gov. Scott Walker (R), via a statement on his website on June 28, said "We are not going to spend time, effort, and resources on implementation until after the November elections." To date, there has been no official announcement from Walker's office about whether or not the state will expand Medicaid (Office of Gov. Walker release , 6/28).	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)

Wyoming	Unlikely to Expand	<p>Gov. Matt Mead (R) did not include any funding for the Medicaid expansion in his latest budget, telling lawmakers that he “cannot and will not commit the state to a Medicaid expansion, until and if our questions are answered.” Gov. Mead emphasized that whether or not Wyoming should expand Medicaid “is an important discussion” that “needs to occur in the Legislature.” Accordingly, he asked “the Legislature to look hard at all sides of this issue” and expressed his desire to resolve this issue before the end of the upcoming legislative session (Office of Gov. Mead press release, 11/30; 2013-2014 Supplemental Budget Letter and Message).</p>	Governor (R)	House (R)	Senate (R)
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